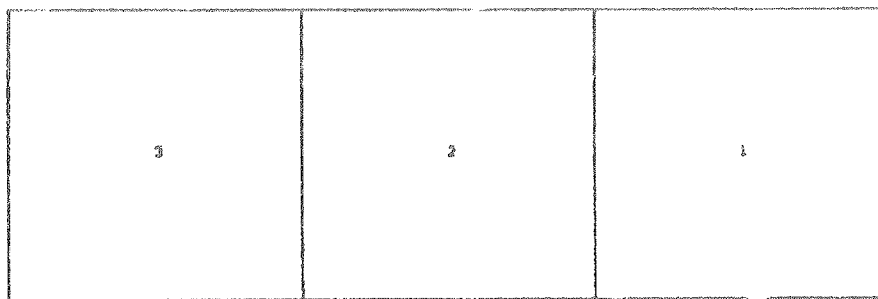


APPENDIX B

MODEL OF A CANTILEVER
WITH THREE STIFF 45 ELEMENTS

Accuracy of using one layer, six STIF 45 elements to model each wall of the coil is tested by modeling a cantilever beam with three STIF 45 elements, as shown in Fig. B-1. Element dimensions are taken as 1x1x1 in. and 1000 lbs. of concentrated load at each node of the cantilever tip surface is considered. Modulus of elasticity E and Poisson's ratio ν are taken as 29000 psi and 0.3 respectively. The bending stress at the middle of the top surface of center element is obtained as 36000 psi from the finite element model. This value is the same as that obtained from the beam theory. Finite element and beam theory tip deflections are obtained as 0.0151 and 0.0144 in. respectively. Satisfactory behavior of STIF 45 elements in the cantilever model indicates that "overall" stress distribution obtained from the coil analysis is reasonably accurate for design purposes.



TEST

GEOMETRY ANALYSIS 1

Figure B-1. Side View of the Cantilever Beam Model

ADDENDUM II

This Addendum is for reporting the results obtained from the additional analysis performed per Option 1 of our proposal dated May 26, 1981.

Analysis assumptions and the finite element model are the same as that used in our initial report. The following three runs are performed in this phase of the project:

1. A separate analysis run for a sinusoidal load, $P_r = 300 \sin \theta$ psi, applied to the outer wall per Mr. Craddock's letter of June 10, 1981, is performed. In this case, the boundary conditions are changed to represent the anti-symmetric behavior. Outer surface hoop and bending stresses are shown in Figs. II-1 and II-2 respectively.
2. Three load cases presented in the initial report are combined as one load without changing the initial model and boundary conditions. Surface hoop and bending stresses are shown in Figs. II-3 and II-4 respectively.
3. Stresses obtained for Sinusoidal pressure and combined loads are superimposed in the last run. Outer surface hoop and bending stresses are presented in Figs. II-5 and II-6 respectively.

Von Mises stresses greater than 30,000 psi are scanned in all above runs and they are included in the ANSYS output submitted with this Addendum.

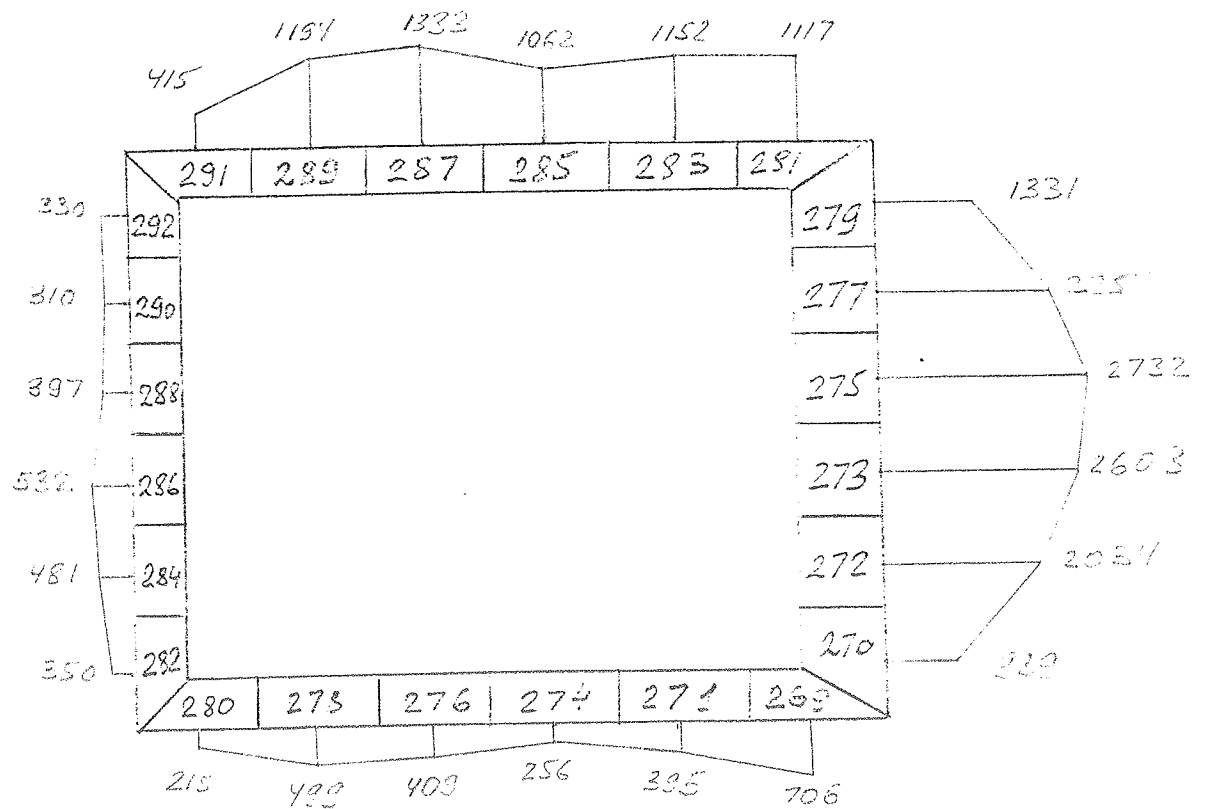


Fig. II-1

Outer Surface Hoop Stress
 Vertical Radial Load
 $P_r = 300 \sin \theta$



Outer Surface Bending Stress
 $P_r = 300 \sin \theta$

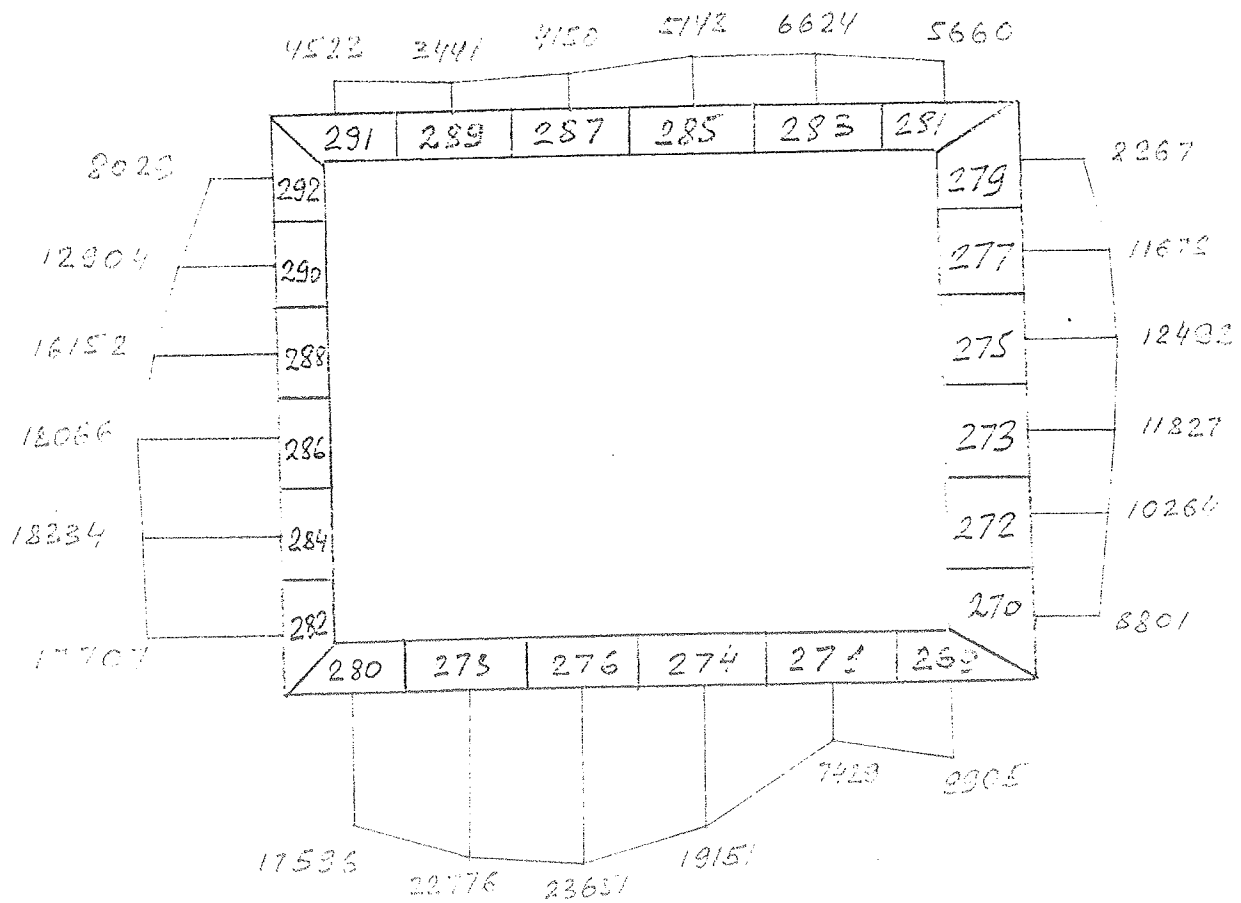


Fig. II-3

Hoop Stresses
 Combination of Load Cases 1, 2, 3
 900 psi radial outward pressure
 on O.D and I.D plus axial loading

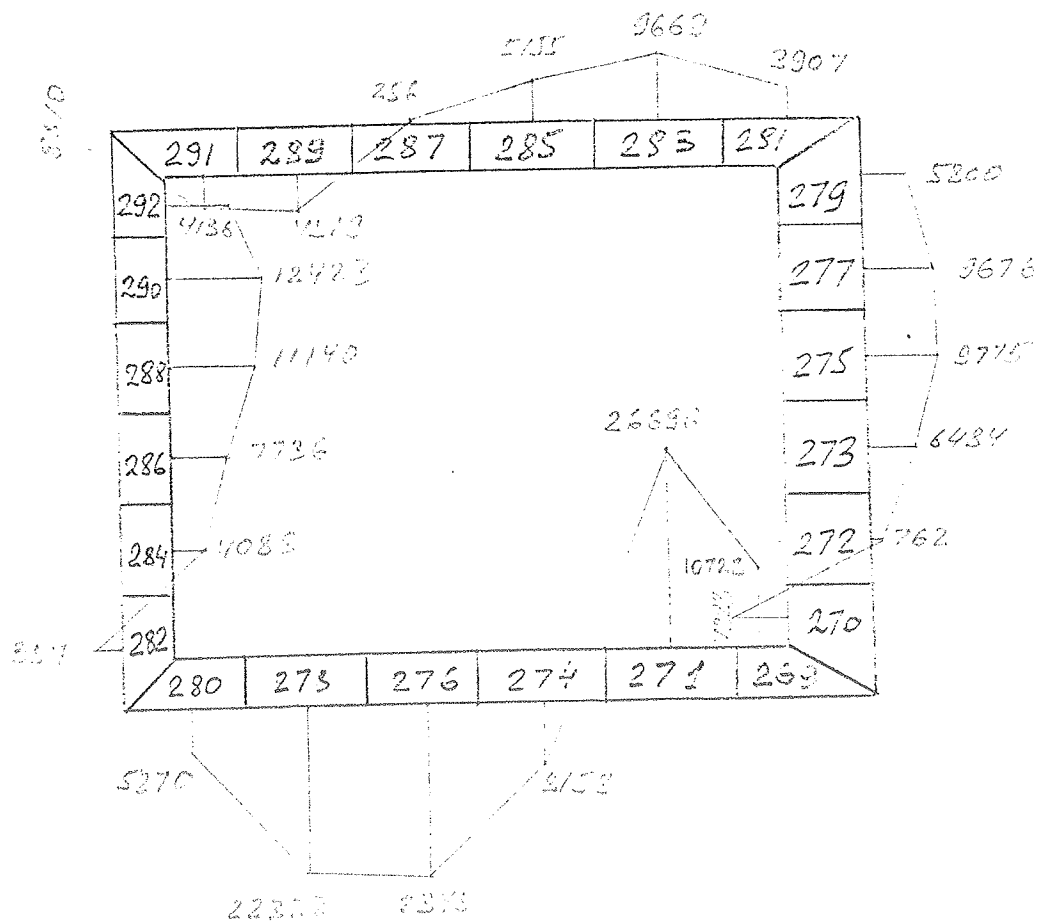


Fig. II-4

Combination of Load Cases 1, 2, and 3
Bending Stresses

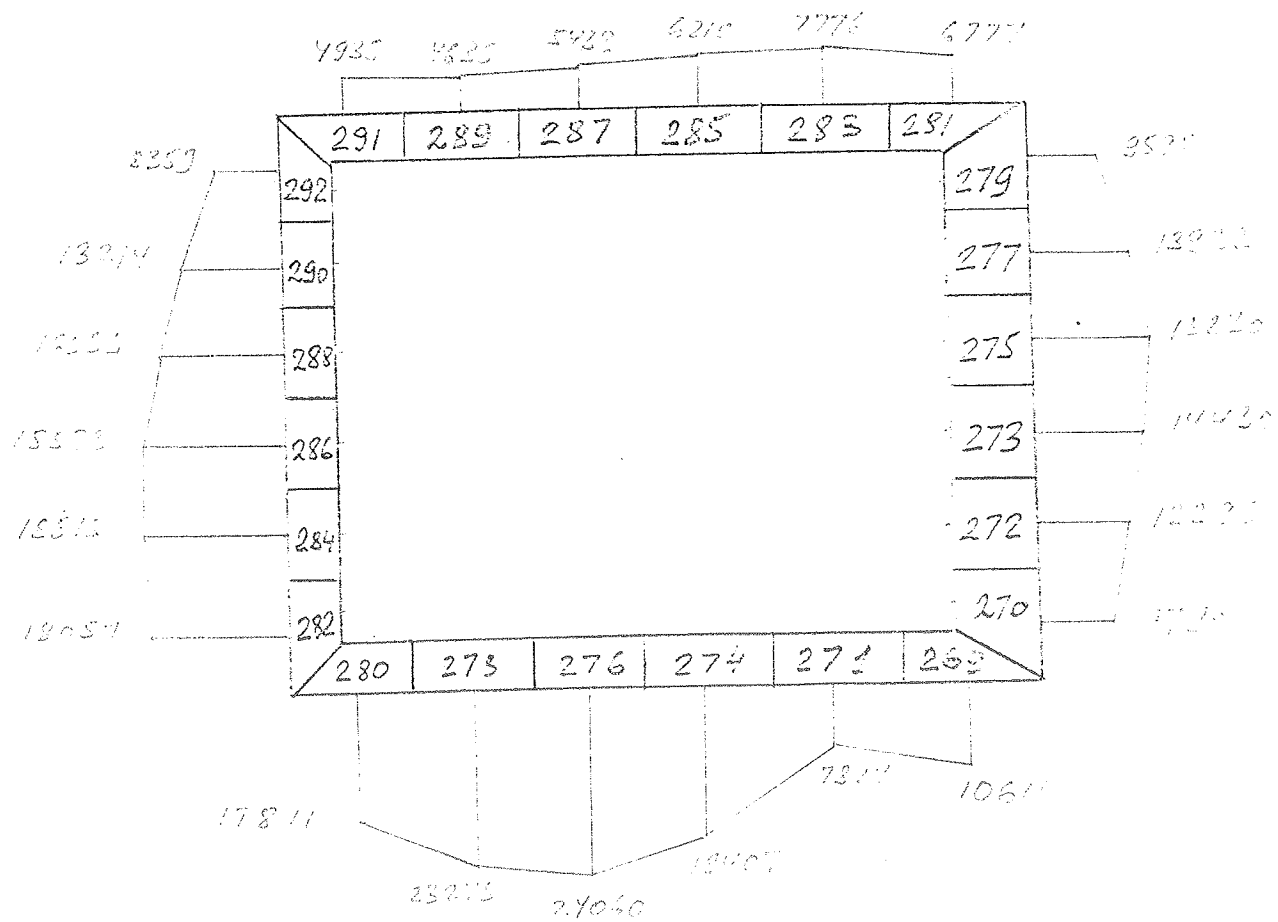


Fig. II-5

All Loads Combined
Hoop Stresses

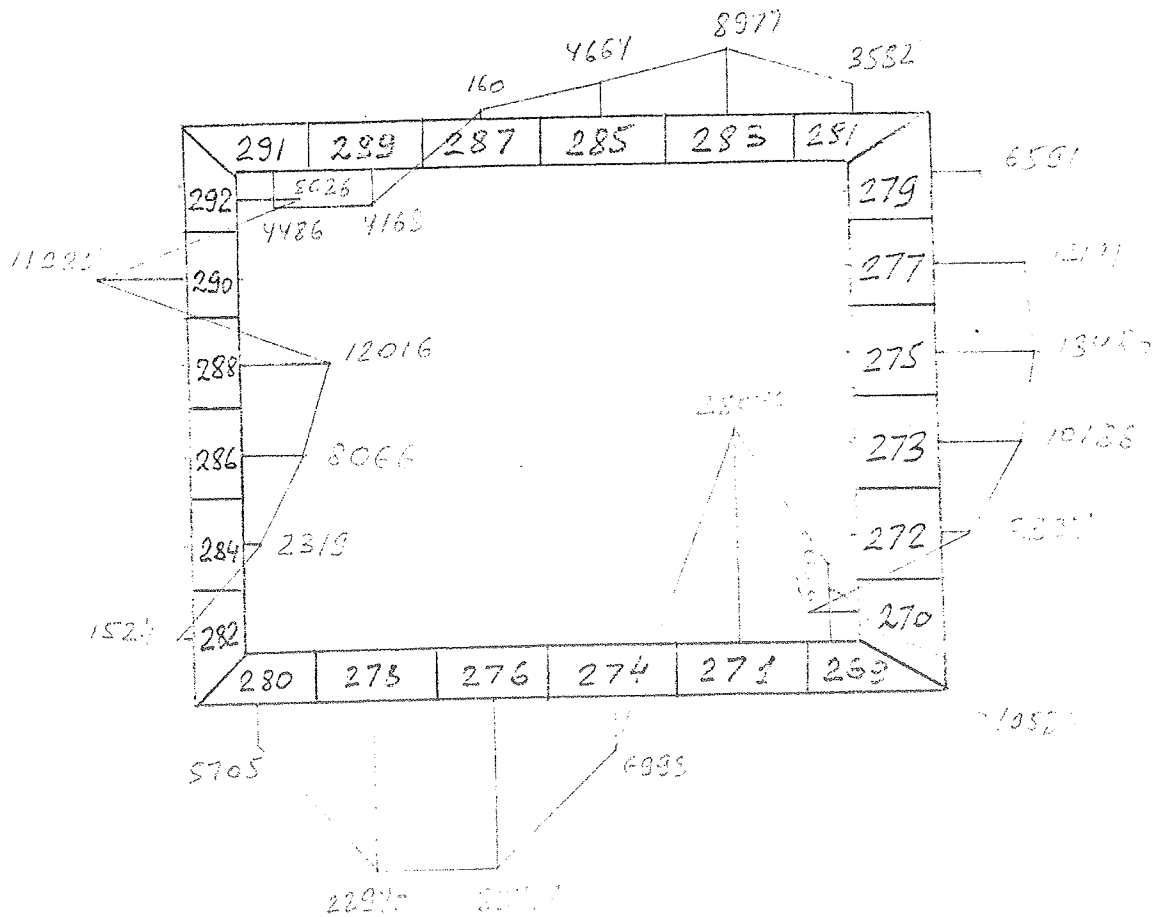


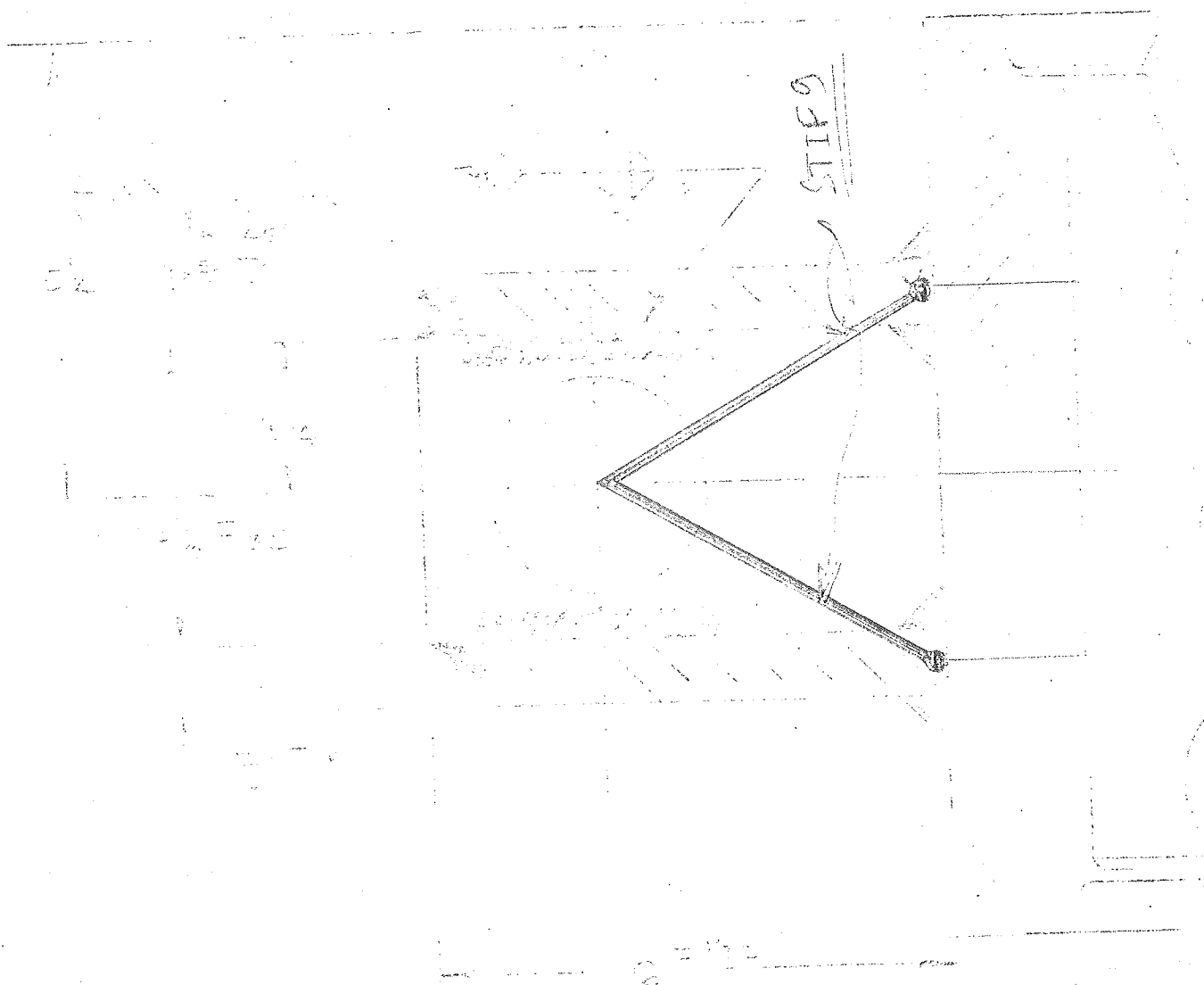
Fig. II-6

All load cases combined
Bending Stresses.

12 1/2" x 12 1/2" x 12 1/2"
100% TO 100% FURT
100% TO 100% FURT

DETAIL C

AD-1A

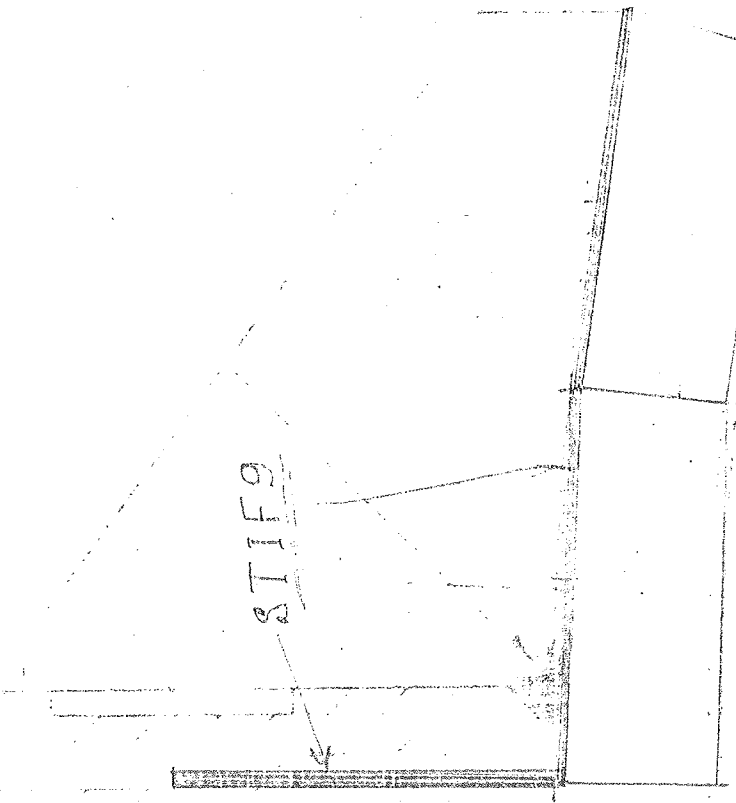


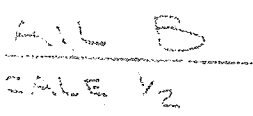
DETAIL C
SCALE 1/2"

DETAIL C

AD-1B

STIFF

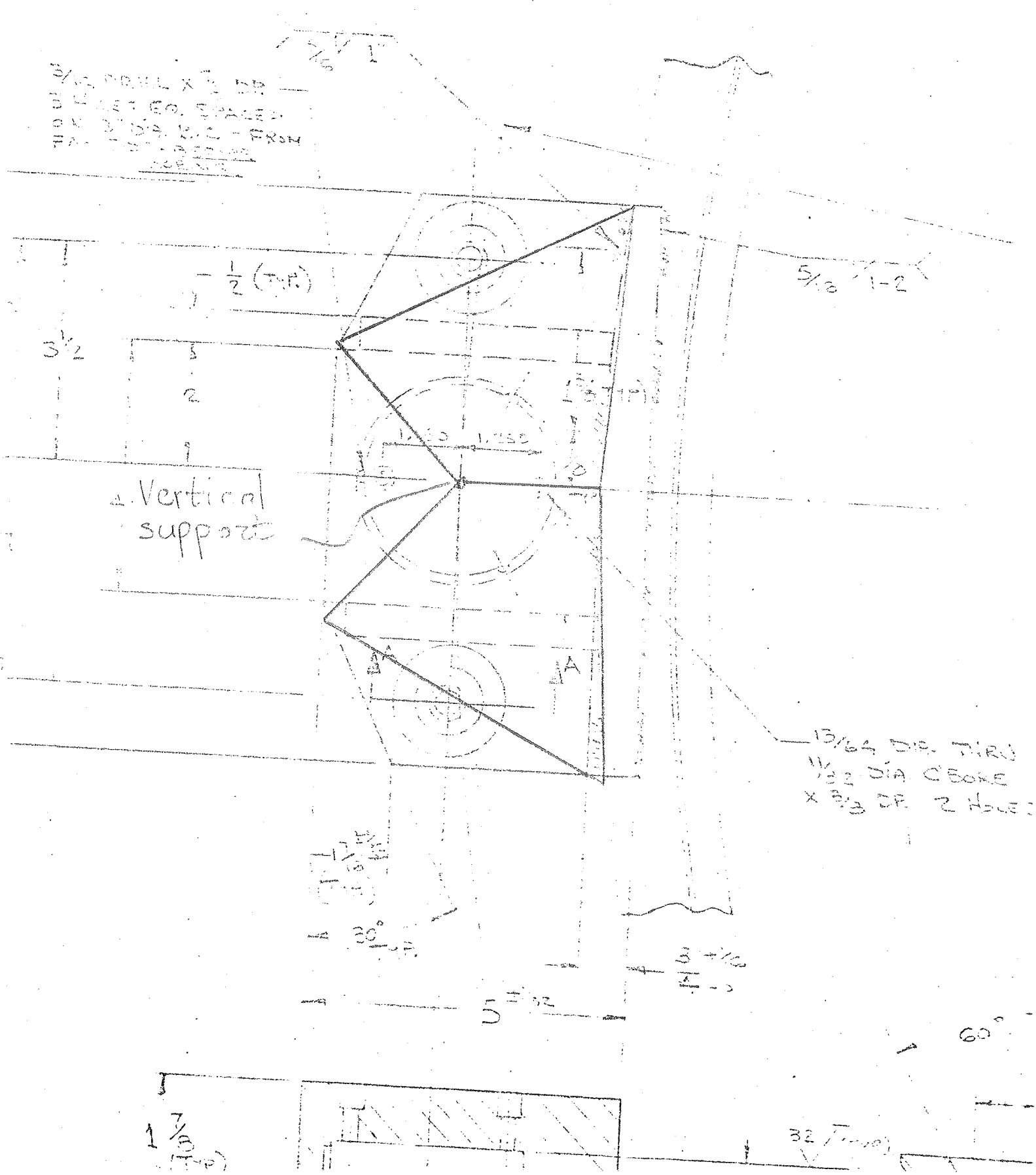




AD-2A

DETAIL A

AD-3



Appendix B

QW-482 SUGGESTED FORMAT FOR WELDING PROCEDURE SPECIFICATION (WPS) (See QW-201.1, Section IX, ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code)

Company Name Fermi Nat'l Accelerator Lab. By: James J. Jester
Welding Procedure Specification No. ES155002 Date 10/8/81 Supporting PQR No.(s) 811015
Revision No. _____ Date _____
Welding Process(es) GTAW, SMAW Type(s) MANUAL
(Automatic, Manual, Machine, or Semi-Auto.)

JOINTS (QW-402)	Details
Joint Design <u>U Groove</u> <u>V16 gap 1/16 land</u> Backing (Yes) _____ (No) <u>no</u> Backing Material (Type) <u>-</u> <p>Sketches, Production Drawings, Weld Symbols or Written Description should show the general arrangement of the parts to be welded. Where applicable, the root spacing and the details of weld groove may be specified.</p> <p>(At the option of the Mfr., sketches may be attached to illustrate joint design, weld layers and bead sequence, e.g. for notch toughness procedures, for multiple process procedures, etc.)</p>	
<p>*BASE METALS (QW-403)</p> P-No. <u>8</u> Group No. <u>1</u> to P-No. <u>8</u> Group No. <u>1</u> OR Specification type and grade <u>304</u> <u>SAZ40</u> to Specification type and grade <u>304</u> <u>SAZ40</u> OR Chem. Analysis and Mech. Prop. _____ to Chem. Analysis and Mech. Prop. _____ Thickness Range: Base Metal: Groove <u>3/16 to 1 1/2</u> Fillet _____ Deposited Weld Metal _____ Pipe Dia. Range: Groove _____ Fillet _____ Other _____	
<p>*FILLER METALS (QW-404)</p> F-No. <u>4</u> Other <u>4 root pass</u> A-No. <u>8</u> Other <u>8</u> Spec. No. (SFA) _____ AWS No. (Class) <u>5.4 69 E316L-15</u> <u>ER316L (root pass)</u> Size of filler metals _____ _____ (Electrode, Cold Wire, Hot Wire, etc.) Electrode-Flux (Class) <u>E316L-15</u> <u>Line</u> Flux Trade Name _____ Consumable Insert _____	

*Each base metal-filler metal combination should be recorded individually.

QW-482 (Back)

POSITIONS (QW-405) Position(s) of Groove <u>Flat 1G</u> Welding Progression: Up _____ Down _____ Position(s) of Fillet <u>flat</u>	POSTWELD HEAT TREATMENT (QW-407) Temperature Range <u>Room temp.</u> Time Range _____
PREHEAT (QW-406) Preheat Temp. Min. _____ Interpass Temp. Max. _____ Preheat Maintenance _____ (Continuous or special heating where applicable should be recorded)	GAS (QW-408) Shielding Gas(es) <u>Argon 100%</u> Percent Composition (mixtures) <u>100</u> Flow Rate <u>20</u> Gas Backing <u>20</u> Trailing Shielding Gas Composition <u>Argon</u>

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (QW-409)

Current AC or DC DC Polarity Straight (GTAW) Reverse SMAW
 Amps (Range) _____ Volts (Range) _____
 (Amps and volts range should be recorded for each electrode size, position, and thickness, etc. This information may be listed in a tabular form similar to that shown below.)

Tungsten Electrode Size and Type 3/32 Dia. 2% Thoriated
 (Pure Tungsten, 2% Thoriated, etc.)

Mode of Metal Transfer for GMAW _____
 (Spray arc, short circuiting arc, etc.)

Electrode Wire feed speed range _____

TECHNIQUE (QW-410)

String or Weave Bead String
6 #

Orifice or Gas Cup Size _____
 Initial and Interpass Cleaning (Brushing, Grinding, etc.) Brushing

Method of Back Gouging _____

Oscillation _____

Contact Tube to Work Distance _____

Multiple or Single Pass (per side) Multiple

Multiple or Single Electrodes Single

Travel Speed (Range) 3 to 4 in.

Peening _____

Other _____

Weld Layer(s)	Process	Filler Metal		Current		Volt Range	Travel Speed Range	Other (e.g., Remarks, Comments, Hot Wire Addition, Technique, Torch Angle, Etc.)
		Class	Dia.	Type Polar.	Amp Range			
1	GTAW	ER316L	3/32	Straight	80	17	3" to 4"	
1	GTAW	"	3/32	Straight	52	18	3" to 4"	
3 - 5	SMAW	E316L-15	1/8	Straight	110	22	3" to 4"	
5 - 10	SMAW	"	5/32	Straight	150	26	3" to 4"	



PITTSBURGH TESTING LABORATORY

ESTABLISHED 1881

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AS A MUTUAL PROTECTION TO CLIENTS, THE PUBLIC AND OURSELVES, ALL REPORTS ARE SUBMITTED AS THE CONFIDENTIAL PROPERTY OF CLIENTS, AND AUTHORIZATION FOR PUBLICATION OF STATEMENTS, CONCLUSIONS OR EXTRACTS FROM OR REGARDING OUR REPORTS IS RESERVED PENDING OUR WRITTEN APPROVAL.

Order No. CH 5396

Date Oct 15, 1981

PQR #811015

PHYSICAL TEST REPORT OF WELDING PROCEDURE QUALIFICATION TESTS

Client FERMION NATIONAL ACCELERATOR LABORATORY

Specification No. ESI55002
Welding Process SMAW GTAW root pass
Material Specification Type 304 to 304 of Group No. 8 to Group No. 8
Thickness (if pipe, diameter and wall thickness) 3/4"
Thickness Range this test qualifies 3/16" to 1 1/2"
Filler Metal Classification E316L-15
Weld Metal Analysis No. A- 8 (ASME Sec. 9 only)
For oxyacetylene welding - State if Filler Metal is silicon or aluminum killed.
Welding Procedure Multiple
Single or Multiple Pass Single
Single or Multiple Arc
Flux Trade Name or Composition
Inert Gas Composition Argon
Trade Name Flow Rate
Is Backing Strip used? No Preheat Temp. Range
Postheat Treatment None
Position Flat 1G
(For plate, flat, horizontal, vertical, or overhead; if vertical, state whether up or down, For pipe: Axis of pipe vertical, horizontal fixed, or horizontal rolled).

Filler Wire - Diameter 1/8" 8 5/32"
Trade Name KRYOKAY 316L
Type of Backing None
Above information by PTL ☐ Client ☒ Other
Preparation of specimens witnessed by PTL Yes ☐ No ☒

REDUCED SECTION TENSILE TEST

SPECIMEN NO.	DIMENSIONS - INCHES		AREA SQ. IN.	ULTIMATE TOTAL LOAD, LBS.	ULTIMATE UNIT STRESS, PSI	CHARACTER OF FAILURE AND LOCATION
	WIDTH	THICKNESS				
1	1.496	.734	1.098	86500	78800	Weld metal
2	1.498	.773	1.158	92750	80100	Parent metal

GUIDED BEND TESTS

TYPE AND FIGURE NO.	RESULT	TYPE AND FIGURE NO.	RESULT
Side 1	Pass	Side 3	Pass
Side 2	Pass	Side 4	Pass

Welder's Name Ron Threadgill Clock No. 5023 Stamp No.
Did the welder by virtue of these tests meet welder performance requirements? ☒ Yes ☐ No
Test witnessed by Test No. 9275

Results of tests (do) (do not) meet requirements of ASME Sec. IX

PITTSBURGH TESTING LABORATORY

By David A. Dunn, Chicago District

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION

CONAM INSPECTION

1245 West Norwood
Itasca, Illinois 60143
(312)773-9400

Inc.

Report No. _____

Date 12-15-81

Customer FERMI NATIONAL ACCELERATOR LAB

Cust. P.O. No. 28594

Attn. Mr. Dick Mau

Job Order No. CH-13348

Street Address P.O. Box 500

☐ PENETRANT ☐ MAGNETIC PARTICLE

City & State Batavia, IL 60510

☒ ULTRASONIC Contact ☐ EDDY CURRENT

Material SS Weldment (See Drawing
No. 2771-MD-56365)

Accept. Std. 1. Absense of Volumetric Indications
equalling indication from root/
land area.
2. Absense of crack like indications.

Spec. Searching for cracks

Test Equip. Krautkramer USM-2

Tech. Data Couplant - Echogel (certified)

.5" x .5" x 2.25 MHz. x 69° Transducer, .5" dia. x 5 MHz. Transducer

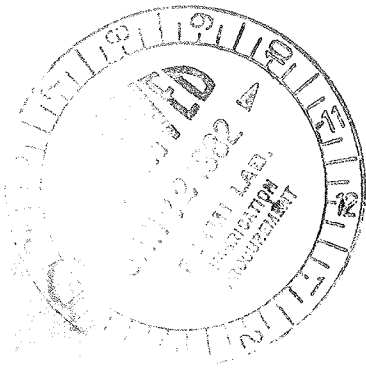
Set up Data Ref. sensitivity = AWS, DSC Block 1/32" groove + 6 db's = Twice AWS sensitivity
62 db's + 6 db's = 68 db's Ref.

TEST RESULTS
(See U.T. Technic Plot)

On first examining the weld from position "A" it was found that there was an almost continuous opening in the root land area (not full penetration). This was later confirmed by doing a 0° exam from positions "B" and "C".

While trying to determine what reference standard and criteria to use in evaluating this weld, the customer stated that they could accept the condition of the root and they were more concerned with cracking in the remaining volume of the weld.

Calibration was to an AWS Calibration Reflector (DSC Block), and an additional 6 db's was added for reference. With this calibration the root opening in general reached 80% FSH. The rest of the weld had no defects exceeding 20% FSH, and no crack like indications were noted.



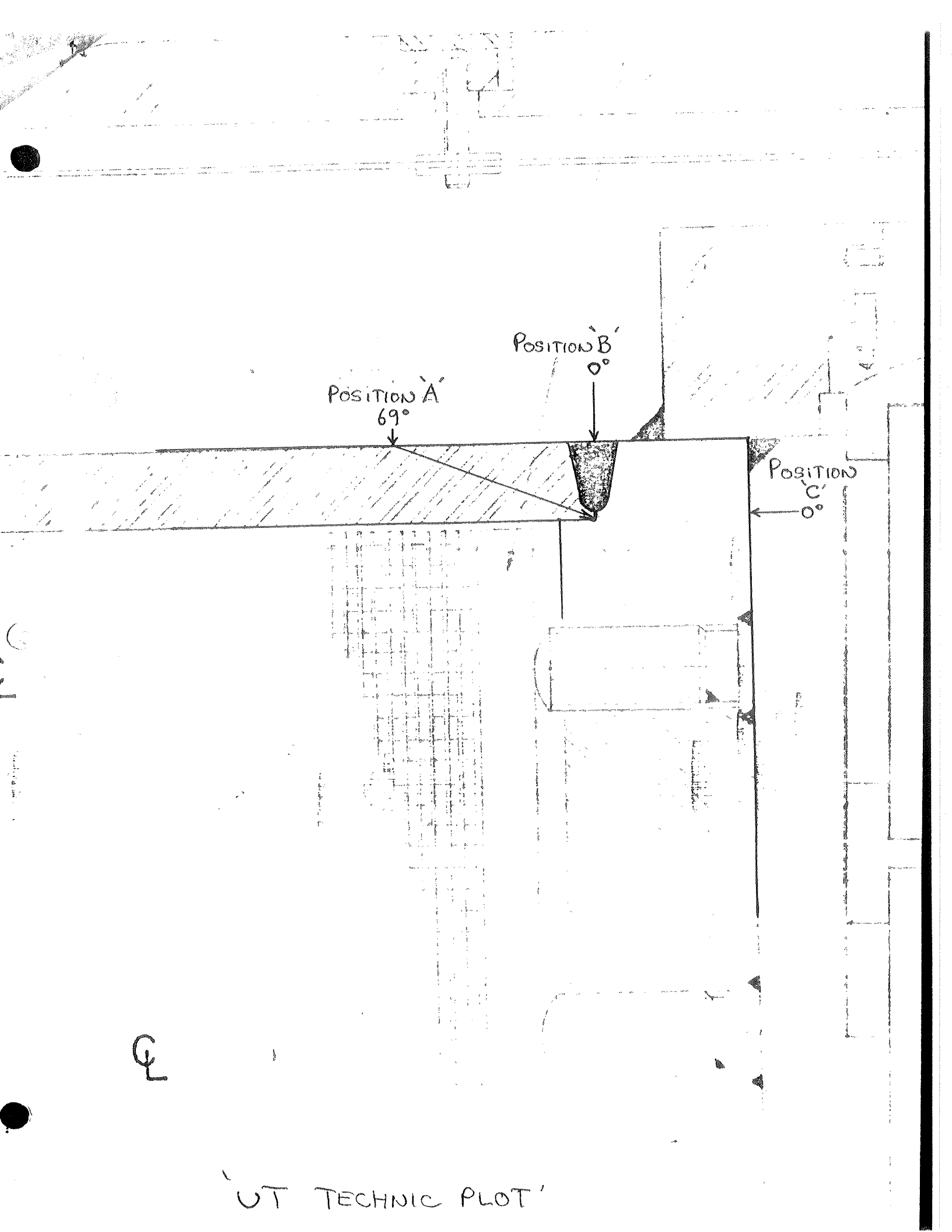
Ronald E. Wilson
Ronald E. Wilson, Level II

AUTOMATION INDUSTRIES, INC.

INSPECTOR

OBSERVER/RECEIVED BY

WE HEREBY CERTIFY THE PARTS LISTED HAVE BEEN TESTED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATION NOTED. THIS REPORT REPRESENTS AUTOMATION INDUSTRIES, INC. INTERPRETATION OF THE RESULTS OBTAINED FROM THE TEST AND IS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS A GUARANTY OR WARRANTY OF THE CONDITION OF THE MATERIALS TESTED. AUTOMATION INDUSTRIES, INC. SHALL NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR MISINTERPRETATION OF CONDITIONS, LOSS, DAMAGE, INJURY OR DEATH ARISING FROM OR ATTRIBUTABLE TO DELAY PRECEDING A TEST, OR SUBSEQUENT TO PERFORMANCE OF A TEST.



'UT TECHNIC PLOT'